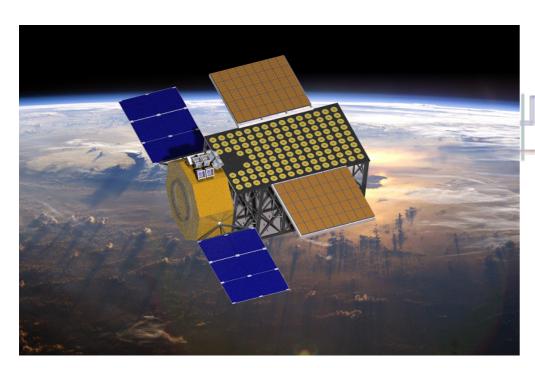
Quasi-Periodic Oscillations with STROBE-X



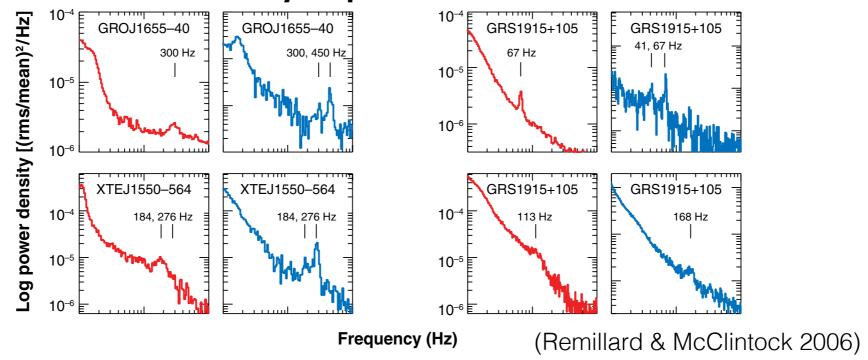
Dr. P. Chris Fragile College of Charleston, USA

Collaborators:

Odele Straub (Obs. de Paris), Omer Blaes (UCSB), Adam Ingram (Oxford), Chris Done (Durham), Bhupendra Mishra (Colorado), Wlodek Kluźniak (CAMK)

Quasi-Periodic Oscillations (QPOs)

Peaks in Power Density Spectra of some XRBs



- Why they are interesting
 - Tell us something about accretion physics
 - Allow measurement of BH spin
 - Probe spacetime geometry
- Focus on two types
 - Type-C Low-Frequency QPO (LFQPO)
 - High-Frequency QPO (HFQPO)
 - $\gtrsim 100 \,\mathrm{Hz}$
 - 3:2 frequency ratio

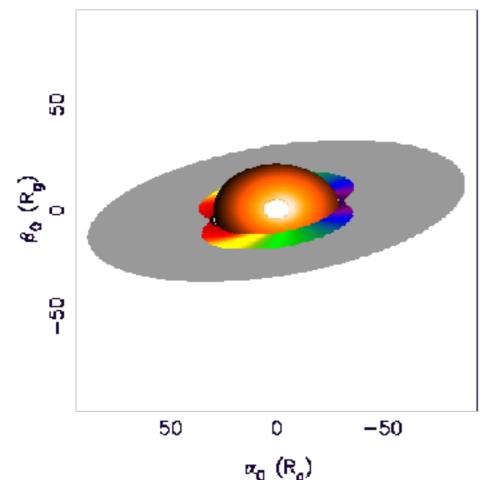
(Almost certain)

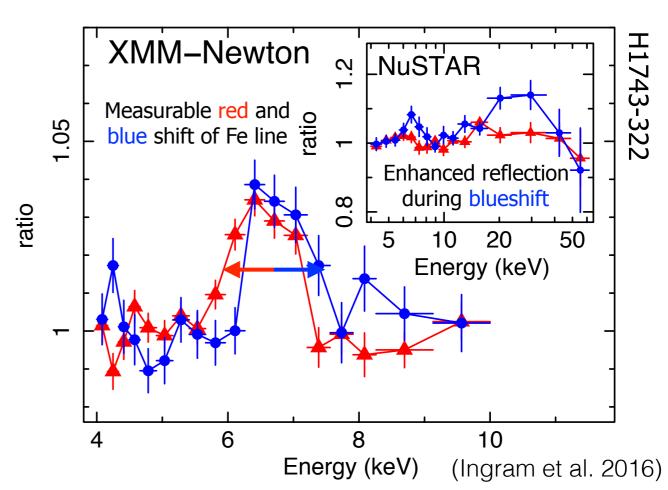
(Possible)

(Speculative)

Type-C QPO as precession

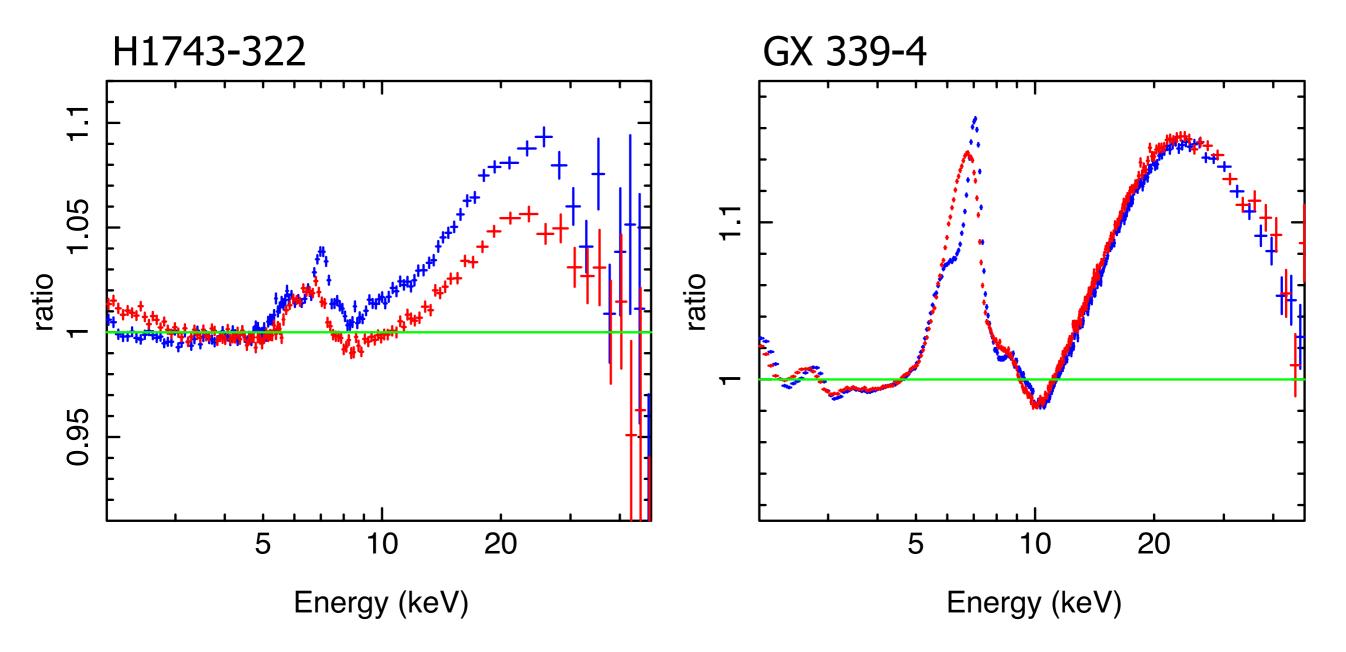
- Right frequency range (0.01-10 Hz)
 - Stella & Vietri (1998); Stella et al. (1999); Ingram et al. (2009)
- Fits in with the truncated disk interpretation of Hard state
 - Ingram et al. (2009);
- Explains association of QPO with high inclination sources
 - Homan (2012); Motta et al. (2015)
- Consistent with phase-resolved spectroscopy of Fe-line
 - Ingram & Done (2012); Ingram & van der Klis (2015); Ingram et al. (2016)





Type-C QPO as precession

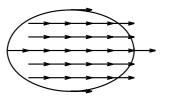
• What could STROBE-X do?



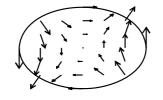
Figures courtesy of Adam Ingram

Models to explain HFQPOs

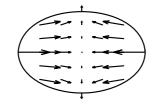
- Relativistic Precession Model (RPM)
 - Stella & Vietri (1998); Stella et al. (1999)
- Diskoseismic Modes
 - Wagoner (1999); Kato (2001); Kato et al. (2008)
- Resonance Models
 - Kluźniak & Abramowicz (2001; 2002); Kluźniak et al. (2004)
- Global Oscillation Modes
 - Rezzolla et al. (2003); Blaes et al. (2006); Török et al. (2016)



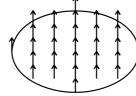
 \times Mode (--02)



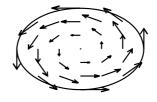
+ Mode (++02)



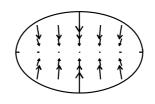
Radial Epicyclic (-+01) Vertical Epicyclic (+-01)



Inertial Mode (--02)

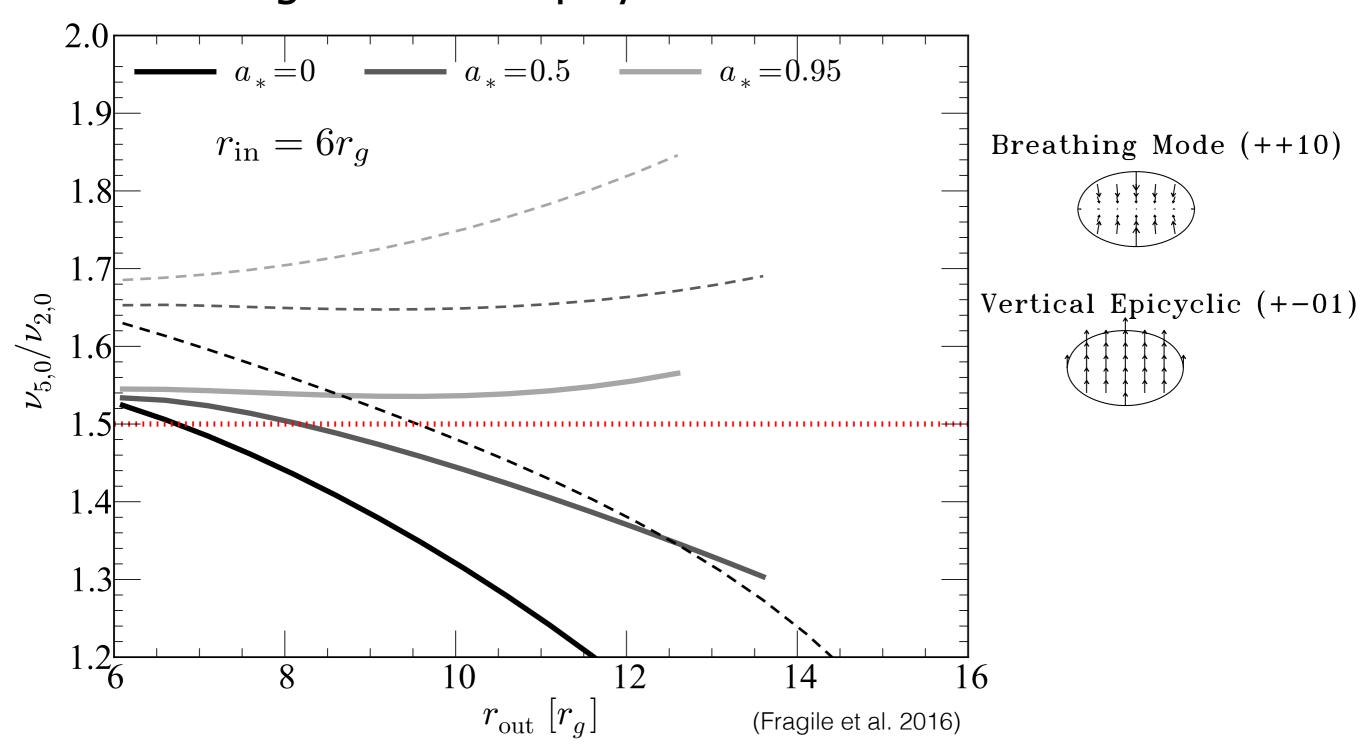


Breathing Mode (++10)



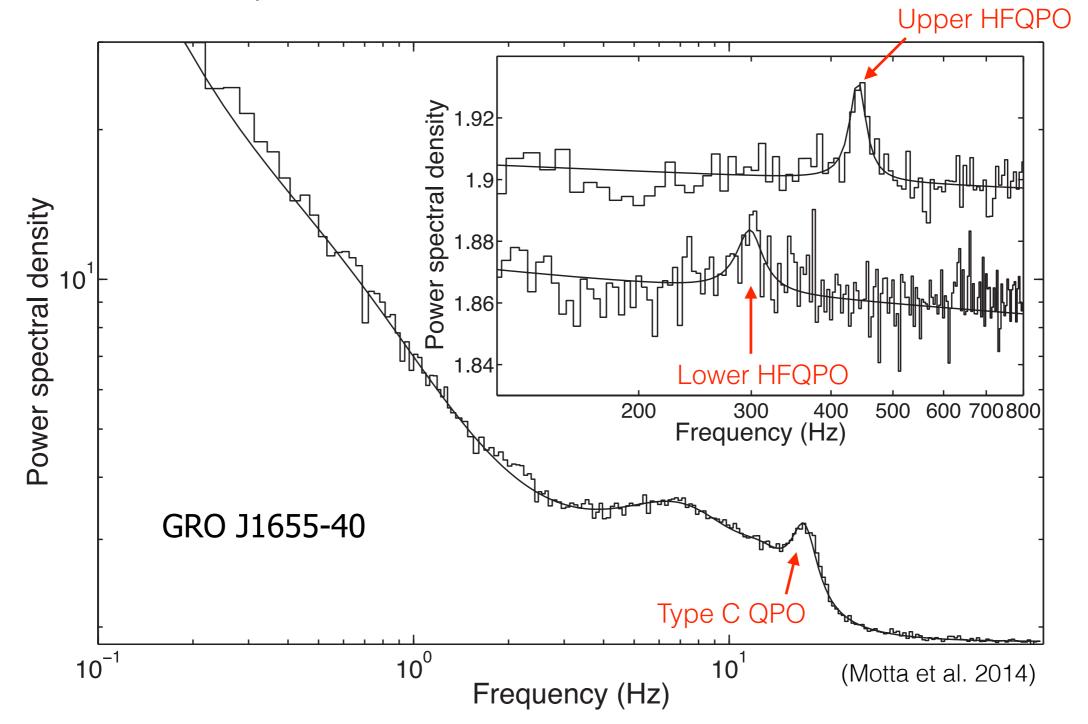
Global modes in near 3:2 ratio

Breathing & vertical epicyclic (Blaes et al. 2006)

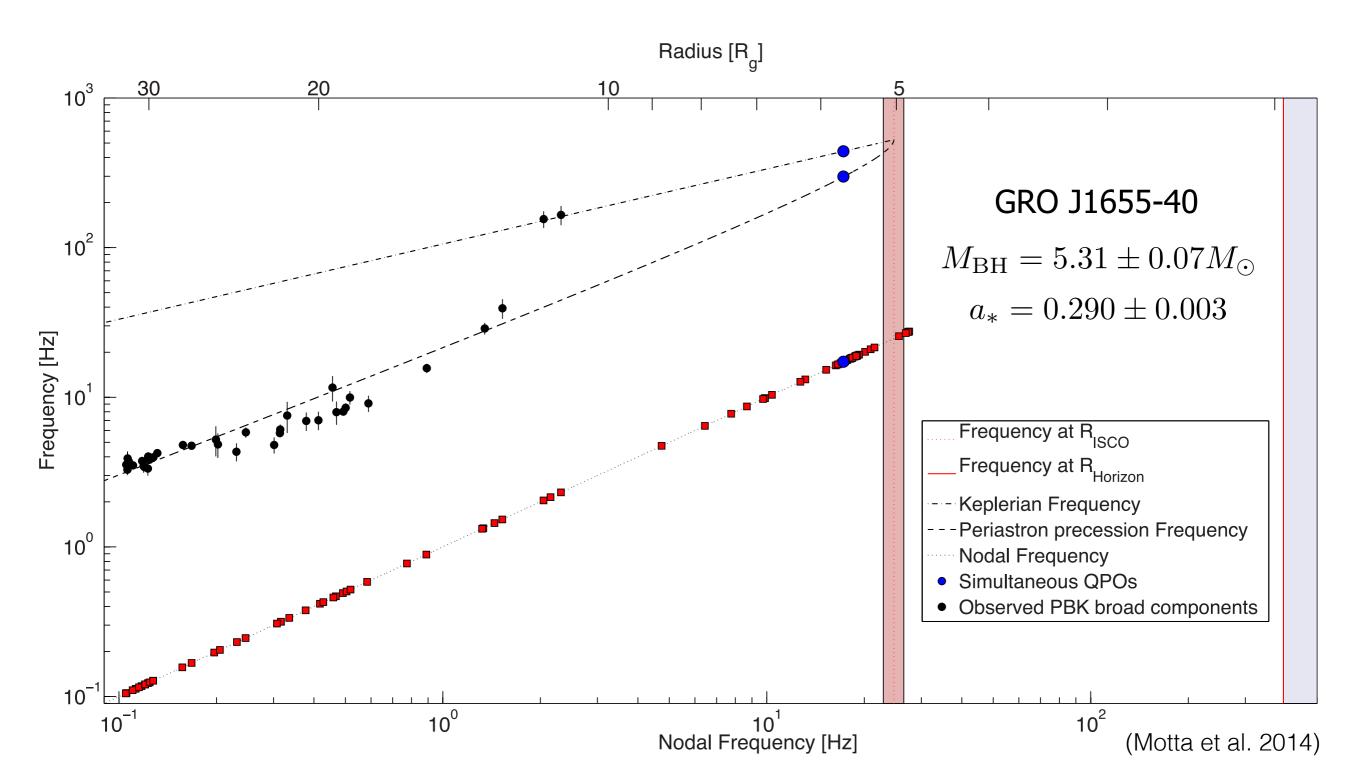


Simultaneous High Frequency & type-C QPOs

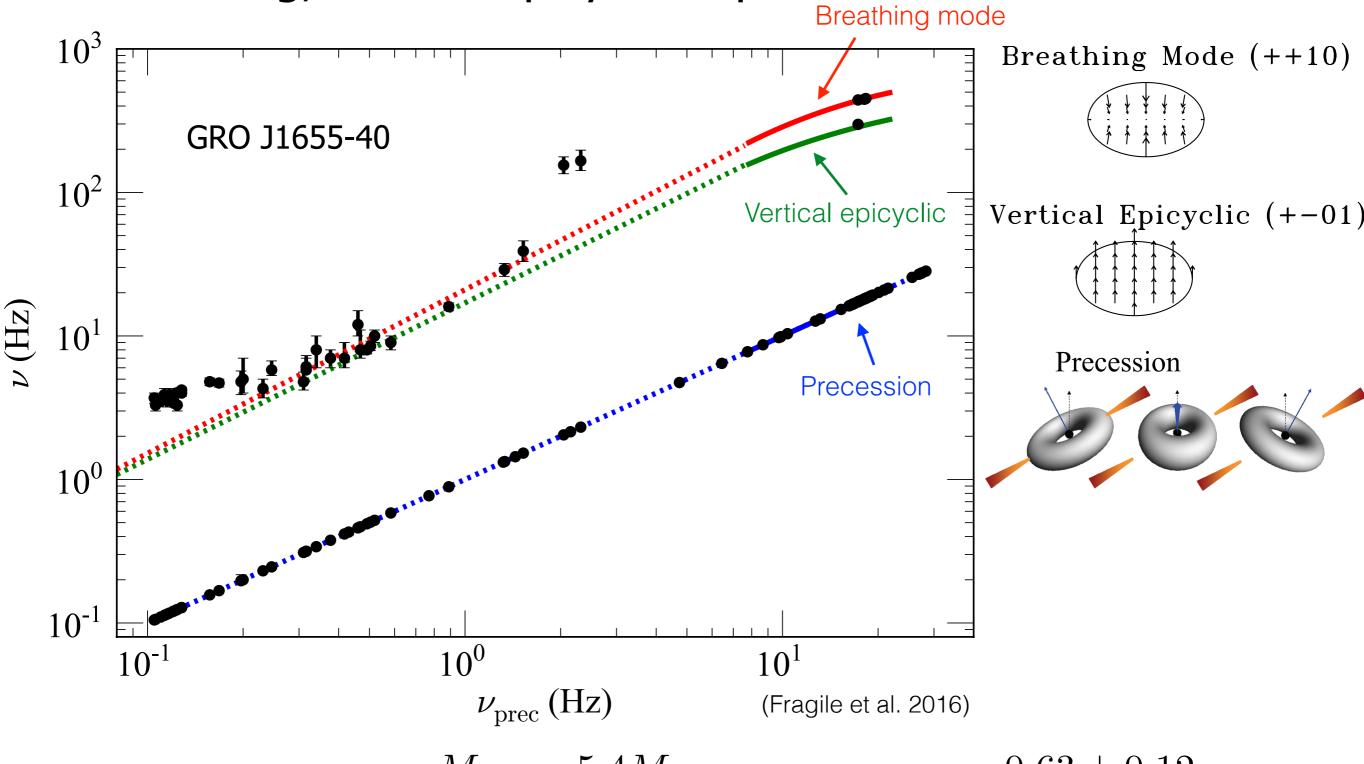
- GRO J1655-40, XTE J1550-564 & H1743-322
 - Motta et al. 2014a; Motta et al. 2014b; Homan et al. 2005
 - M82 X-1 & NGC 1313 X-1
 - Pasham et al. 2014; Pasham et al. 2015



- Can be fit with Relativistic Precession Model
 - Stella & Vietri 1998; Stella et al. 1999
- Based on test particle frequencies



• Breathing, vertical epicyclic & precession (Blaes et al. 2006)



GRO J1655-40

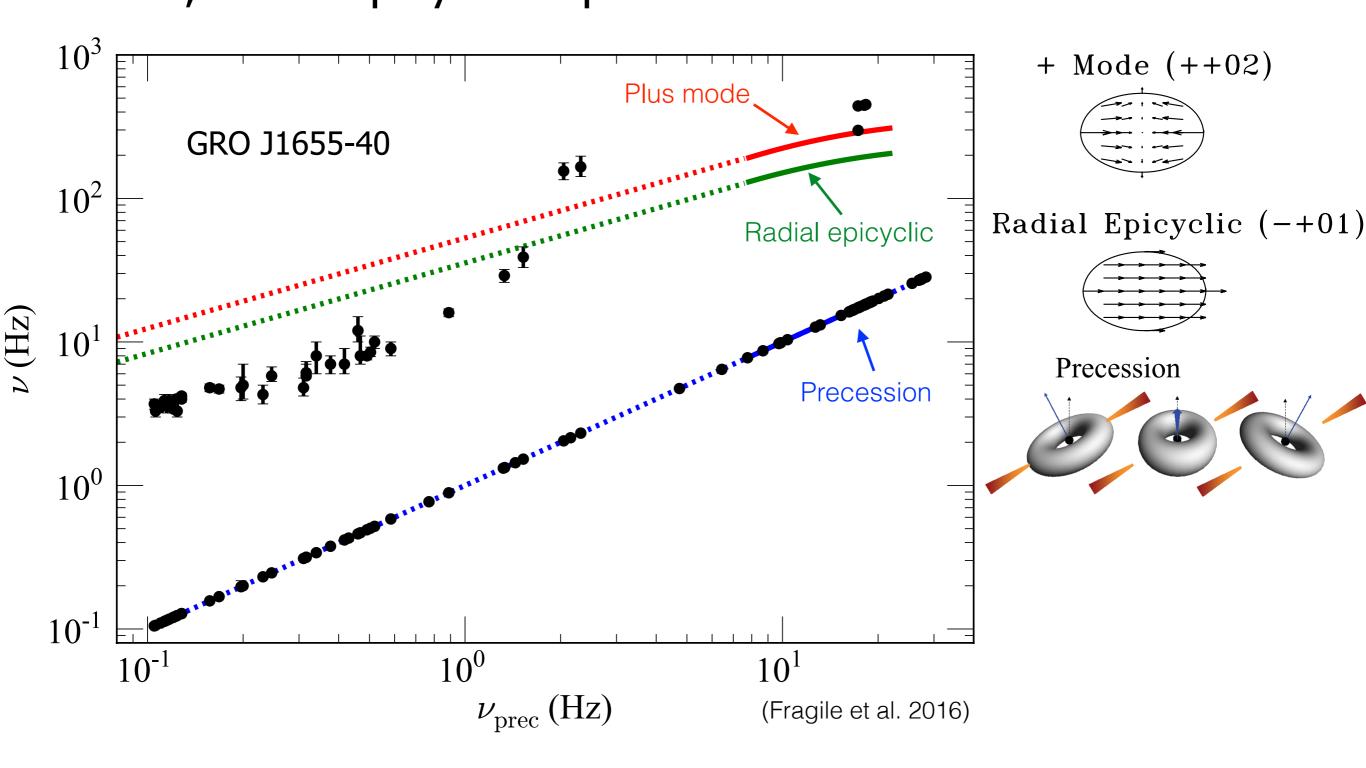
$$M_{\rm BH}=5.4M_{\odot}$$

$$a_* = 0.63 \pm 0.12$$

$$r_{\rm in} = 6.5 \pm 0.6 r_g$$

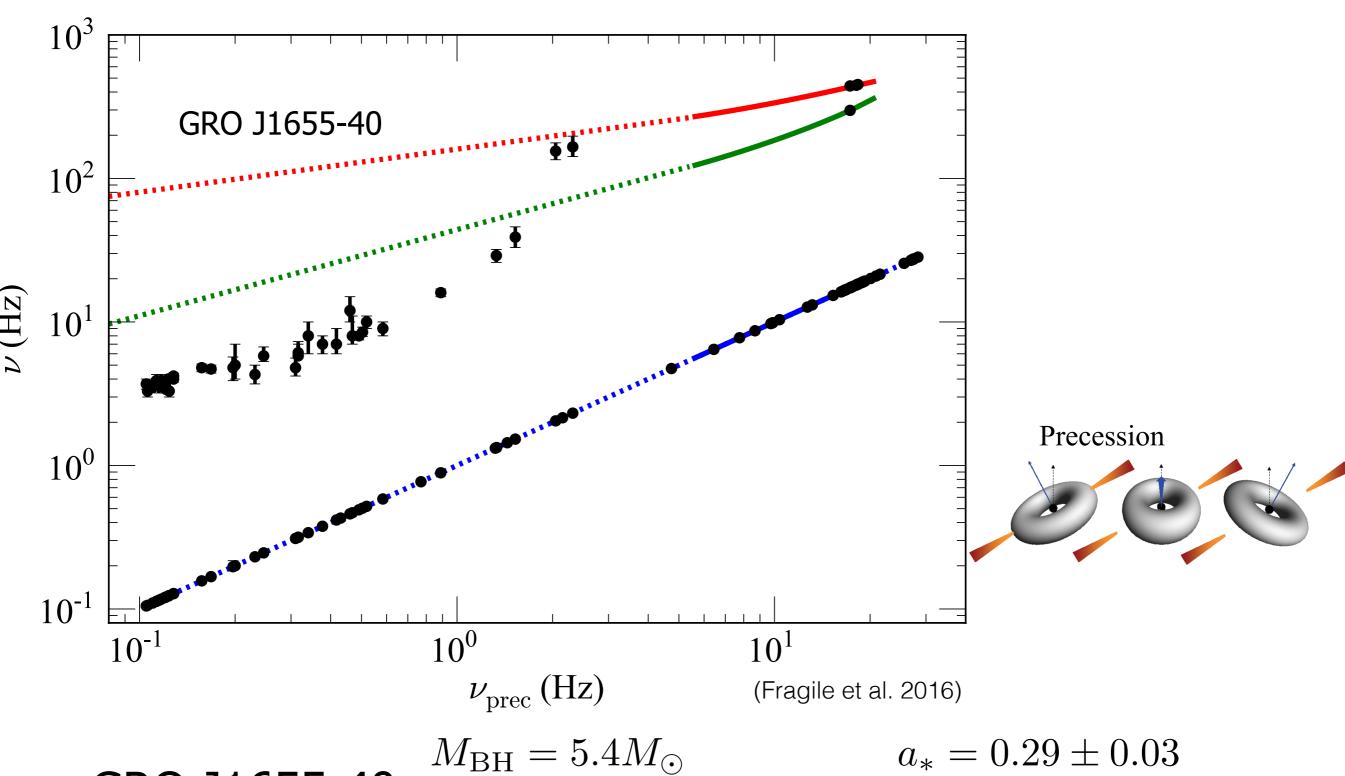
$$r_{\rm in} = 6.5 \pm 0.6 r_g$$
 $r_{\rm in} + 0.2 \le r_{\rm out}/r_g \le r_{\rm in} + 2.9$

• Plus, radial epicyclic & precession (Rezzolla et al. 2003)



Can't simultaneously fit all 3 QPOs in GRO J1655-40

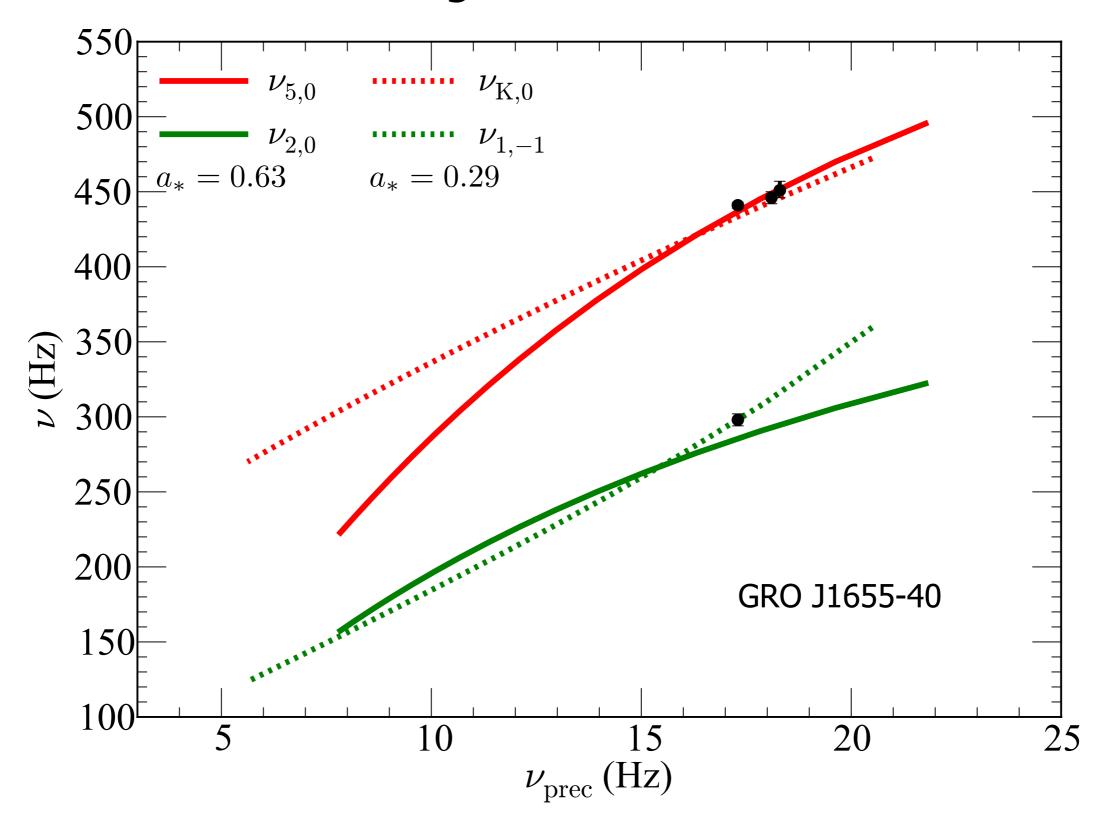
• Keplerian, m=-1 radial epicyclic & precession (Török et al. 2016)



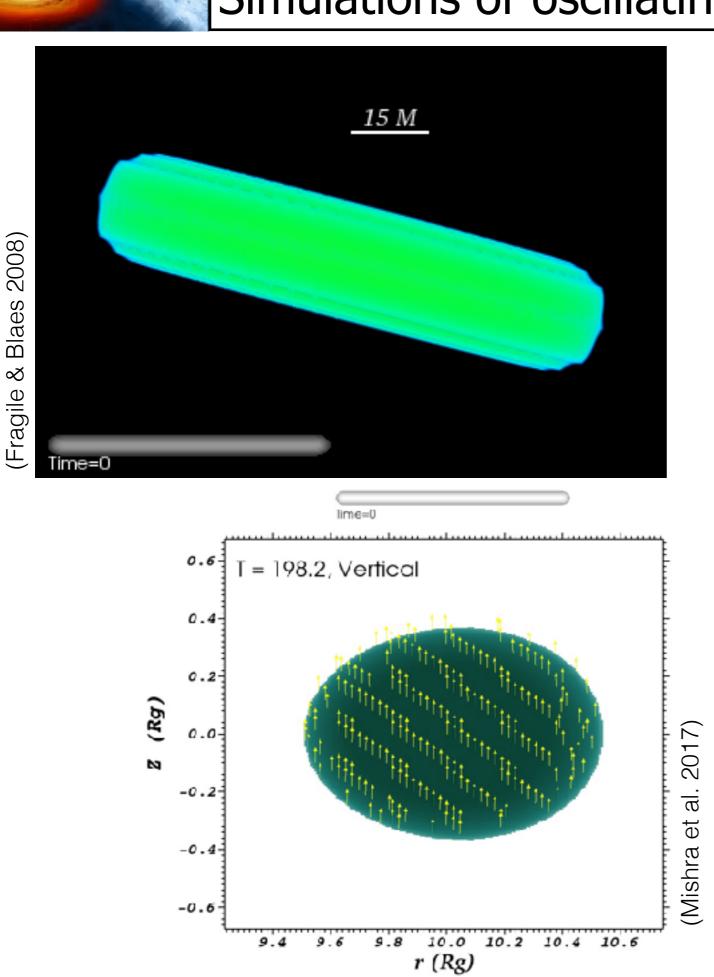
• GRO J1655-40

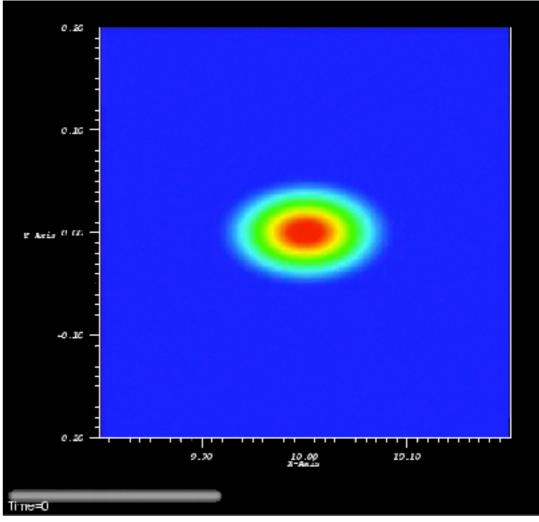
$$a_{
m BH} = 5.4 M_{\odot}$$
 $a_* = 0.29 \pm 0.05$ $r_{
m in} = 5.3 \pm 0.3 r_g$ $r_{
m in} + 0.3 \le r_{
m out}/r_g \le r_{
m in} + 1.5$

Could STROBE-X distinguish models?



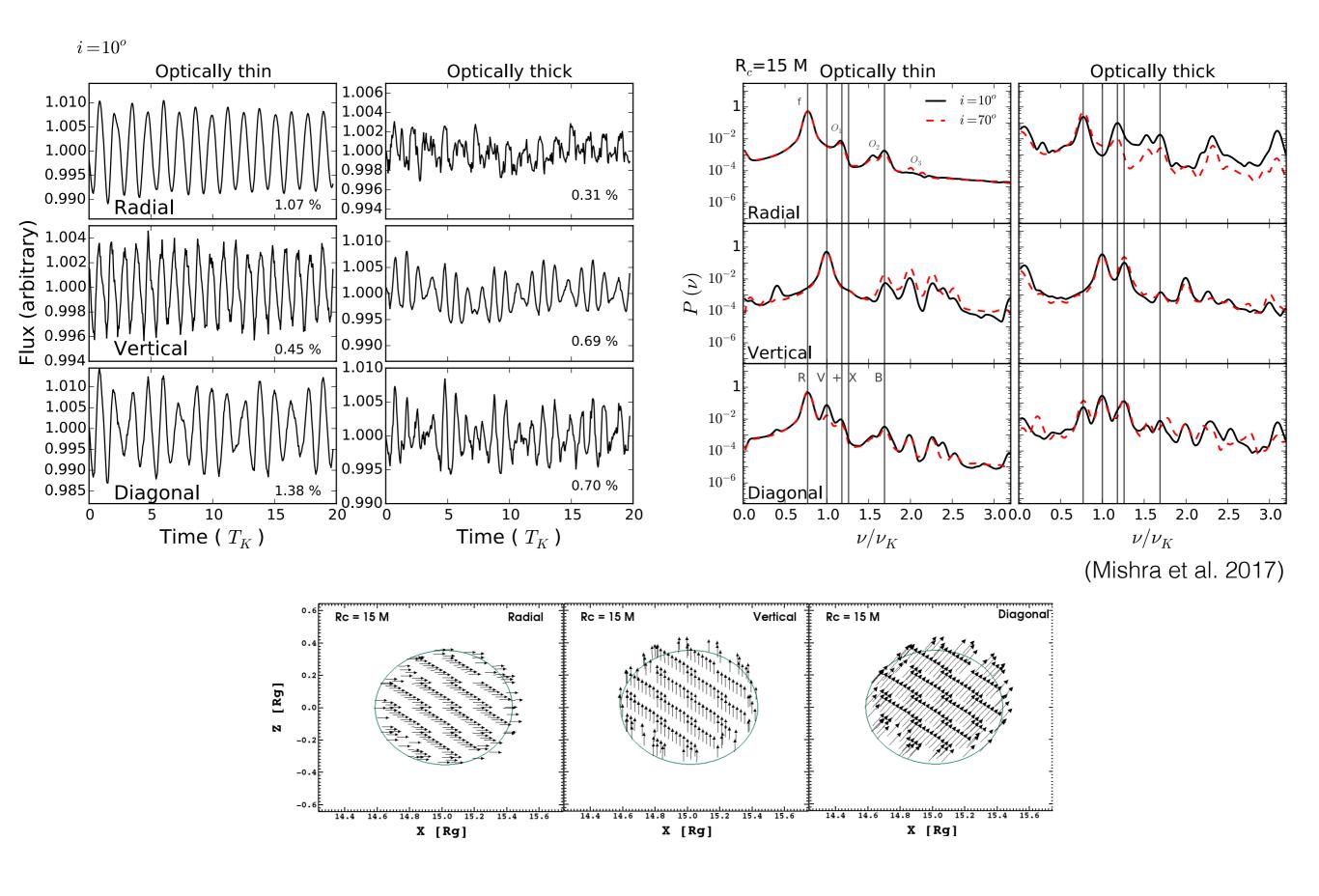
Simulations of oscillating tori





(Blaes et al. 2006)

Light curves & Power spectra from simulations



What can STROBE-X do for QPOs?

- Phase-resolved spectroscopy for LFQPOs
 - Huge gain in Signal-to-Noise
 - Eliminates problems with pile-up (can look at sources like GX 339-4)
- Possibly differentiate HFQPO models
 - Need to be able to follow HFQPO during rise of outburst
 - Or definitively show that QPO only appears at certain discrete time intervals during outburst

